

12.3 Rotations Classwork

A rotation is a transformation that turns a figure around a fixed point, called the center of rotation.

Rotation

Not a Rotation

A rotation is a transformation about a point P such that each point and its image are the same distance from P .

$PQ = PQ'$
 $PR = PR'$
 $PS = PS'$

1 If the letter **P** is rotated 180 degrees, which is the resulting figure?

- 1) **d**
- 2) **P**
- 3) **P**
- 4) **b**

2 Tell whether the transformation appears to be a rotation. Explain.



- 1) No; the figure appears to be flipped.
- 2) Yes; the figure appears to be turned around a point.

3 The accompanying diagram shows the starting position of the spinner on a board game.

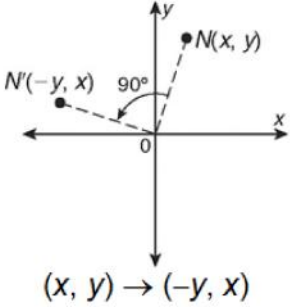
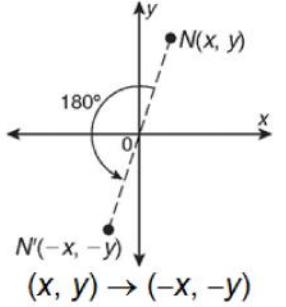


How does this spinner appear after a 270° counterclockwise rotation about point P ?

- 1)
- 2)
- 3)
- 4)

Name: _____

Period: _____ Date: _____

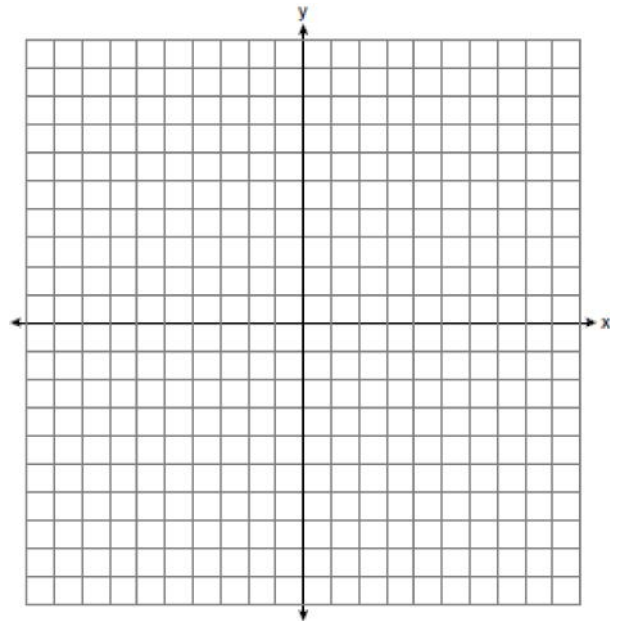
Rotations in the Coordinate Plane	
By 90° About the Origin	By 180° About the Origin
 <p style="text-align: center;">$(x, y) \rightarrow (-y, x)$</p>	 <p style="text-align: center;">$(x, y) \rightarrow (-x, -y)$</p>

- 4 What are the coordinates of A' , the image of $A(-3, 4)$, after a rotation of 180° about the origin?
- 1) $(4, -3)$
 - 2) $(-4, -3)$
 - 3) $(3, 4)$
 - 4) $(3, -4)$

- 5 If point $(5, 2)$ is rotated counterclockwise 90° about the origin, its image will be point
- 1) $(2, 5)$
 - 2) $(2, -5)$
 - 3) $(-2, 5)$
 - 4) $(-5, -2)$

- 6 The point $(-3, 4)$ is rotated 180° about the origin in a counterclockwise direction. What are the coordinates of its image?

- 7 The coordinates of the vertices of $\triangle RST$ are $R(-2, 3)$, $S(4, 4)$, and $T(2, -2)$. Triangle $R'S'T'$ is the image of $\triangle RST$ after a rotation of 90° about the origin. State the coordinates of the vertices of $\triangle R'S'T'$. [The use of the set of axes below is optional.]



Answer: _____