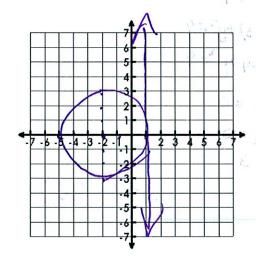
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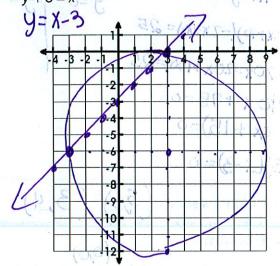
Intersections of Circles & Lines - Homework

Solve by graphing and find the point(s) of intersection. If there are none, write "none."

1.
$$\frac{(x+2)^2 + y^2 = 9}{x=1}$$
 C: $(-2, 8)$ $r=3$



2.
$$(x-3)^2 + (y+6)^2 = 36$$
 C: $(3,-6)$ r= 6

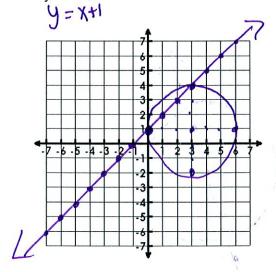


Point(s) of Intersection:

_____ Point(s) of Inte

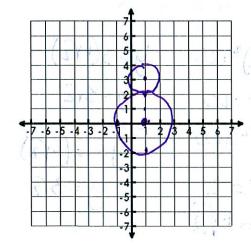
Point(s) of Intersection:
$$(-3,-6)$$
 $(3,0)$

3.
$$\frac{(x-3)^2 + (y-1)^2 = 9 \ C(31) \ r=3}{y-1=x}$$



Point(s) of Intersection: (0,1)(3,4)

4.
$$(x-1)^2 + y^2 = 4$$
 C. $(1,0)$ $r=2$
 $(x-1)^2 + (y-3)^2 = 1$ C. $(1,3)$ $r=1$



Point(s) of Intersection:

Find the point(s) of intersection by solving algebraically. Show all of your work.

5.
$$\frac{x^2 + (y^2 = 25)}{2x + y = 10}$$
 $y = -2(5) + 10$ $y = 0$ $y = 0$

6.
$$(x^{2} + y^{2} = 9)$$
 $x + y = 3$
 $y = 0$
 $y = 0$

Point(s) of Intersection: (5,8) (3,4)

Point(s) of Intersection:

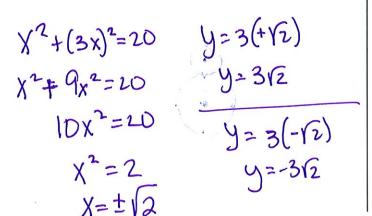
Word Problem

7. A circle is centered at the origin and has a radius of $2\sqrt{5}$ units. A line with a slope of 3 passes through the origin and intersects the circle in two places. Where does the line intersect the circle?

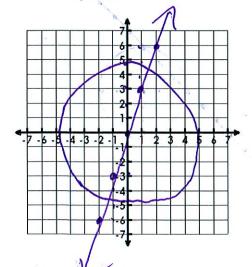
Write the equation of the circle: $\chi^2 + \chi^2 = 20$

Write the equation of the line: Q = 3x

Find solutions algebraically



Find solutions graphically



Point(s) of Intersection: $(\sqrt{2}, 3\sqrt{2})$ $(-\sqrt{2}, -3\sqrt{2})$ Point(s) of Intersection: