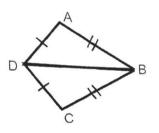
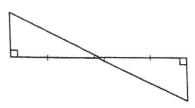
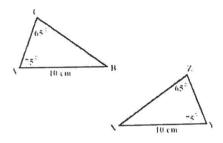
I. State if the two triangles are congruent. If they are, state whether it is SSS, SAS, ASA, AAS, or HL.



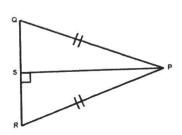
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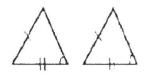
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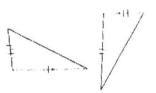


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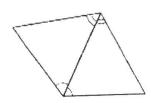




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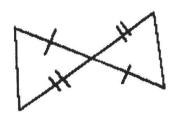


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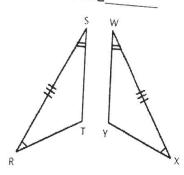
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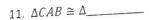
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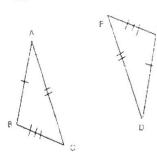


II. Finish the congruence statement.

10. $\Delta YXW \cong \Delta$

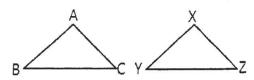




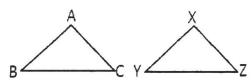


III. Selected Response – Choose the ONE best answer

12. Given: $\angle C \cong \angle Z$ and $\angle A \cong \angle X$ What OTHER piece of information is needed to show $\triangle ABC$ and $\triangle XYZ$ by ASA?



13. 11. Given: $\angle C \cong \angle Z$ and $\angle A \cong \angle X$ What OTHER piece of information is needed to show $\triangle ABC$ and $\triangle XYZ$ by AAS?



14. Given: $\angle B \cong \angle E$ and $\angle C \cong \angle F$

What OTHER piece of information is needed to show $\triangle ABC\cong \triangle DEF$ by AAS?

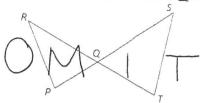
15. **Given**: $\angle B \cong \angle E$ and $\angle C \cong \angle F$

What OTHER piece of information is needed to show $\Delta ABC\cong \Delta DEF$ by ASA?

D

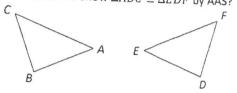
*

10 Given a is the midpoint of PS and XR = THOW could your prove APOR & MEDER



17. **Given**: $\angle A \cong \angle E$ and $\overline{AC} \cong \overline{EF}$

What OTHER piece of information is needed to show $\Delta ABC\cong \Delta EDF$ by AAS?



IV. Multiple-Response – CHOOSE MULTIPLE ANSWERS

18. Given: $\Delta WHS \cong \Delta CAT$

Select the **THREE** true statements about the two congruent triangles.

- a. $\angle HSW \cong \angle ATC$
- c. $\angle WHS \cong \angle ATC$
- e. $\overline{WS} \cong \overline{CT}$

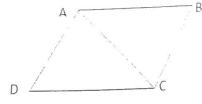
- b. $\angle H \cong \angle T$
- d. $\overline{WH} \cong \overline{CA}$
- f. $\overline{SH} \cong \overline{TC}$
- 19. What TWO ways cannot prove two triangles are congruent?
 - a. SSS
- c. ASA
- e. AAA

- b. SAS
- d. AAS
- f. SSA

V. Constructed Response

20. Given: $\overline{AB} \cong \overline{CD}$ and $\overline{AD} \cong \overline{CB}$

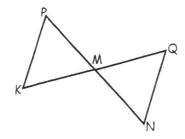
Prove: △CDA = △ABC



Seitements - Seite	
1.	1. Given
2. $\overline{AD} \cong \overline{CB}$	2.
3.	3.
4.	4.

21. Given: <P= < M and PM= NM

<u>Prove</u>: $\Delta PMK \cong \Delta NMQ$



1. <p= <="" m<="" th=""><th>1.</th></p=>	1.
2.	2. Given
3.	3.
4.	4.